CHS

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification

CHS Inc. Transportation Emergency (CHEMTREC) : 1-800-424-9300

P.O. Box 64089 Technical Information 1-651-355-8443 Mail station 525

St. Paul, MN 55164-0089 SDS Information : 1-651-355-8445

Product name : Top Tier Detergent, Regular, Midgrade & Premium Unleaded SDS no. : 0147- M6A0

Gasoline

Common name : Unleaded Gasoline, Premium Unleaded Gasoline Revision date : 02/24/2016

Chemical name : Light Petroleum Distillate : Mixture

Chemical family : Mixed Petroleum Hydrocarbon

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not available.

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or

mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 1

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1

CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (hearing organs) - Category 1

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2

AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :









Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Extremely flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes serious eye irritation.
Causes skin irritation.
May cause genetic defects.
May cause cancer.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General : Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or

label at hand.

Prevention : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and

understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take

precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when

using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response : Collect spillage. Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF

INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists:

Get medical attention.

Storage : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified

(HNOC)

: None known.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health: 2 * Flammability: 4 Physical hazards: 0

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health: 2 * Flammability: 4 Instability: 0

Section 3, Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Chemical name : Light Petroleum Distillate

Other means of identification : Unleaded Gasoline, Premium Unleaded Gasoline

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Gasoline, natural	89 - 100	8006-61-9
Xylene	≥10 - ≤25	1330-20-7
Toluene	≥10 - ≤25	108-88-3
Ethanol	<11	64-17-5
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	≥3 - ≤5	95-63-6
Benzene	≥3 - ≤5	71-43-2
Ethylbenzene	≥3 - ≤5	100-41-4
n-Hexane	≥3 - <5	110-54-3
Naphthalene	≥0.3 - <1	91-20-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : If material comes in contact with the eyes, immediately wash the eyes with large amounts of water for 15

minutes, occasionally lifting the lower and upper lids. Get medical attention.

Inhalation : If person breathes in large amounts of material, move the exposed person to fresh air at once. If breathing has

stopped, perform artificial respiration. Keep the person warm and at rest. Get medical attention as soon as

possible.

Skin contact : If the material comes in contact with the skin, wash the contaminated skin with soap and water promptly. If the

material penetrates through clothing, remove the clothing and wash the skin with soap and water promptly. If

irritation persists after washing, get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion : If material has been swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, watering, redness. **Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation, coughing.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested

or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet or water-based fire extinguishers.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	Highly volatile material. Flowing gasoline can be ignited by self-generated static electricity; containers should be bonded and grounded. Vapors may travel along the ground to a source of ignition (pilot light, heater, electric motor) some distance away. Containers, drums (even empty) can explode when heat (welding, cutting, etc.) is applied.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Water may be ineffective on flames, but should be used to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Large fires, such as tank fires, should be fought with caution. If possible, pump the contents from the tank and keep adjoining structures cool and protect personnel. Avoid spreading burning liquid with water used for cooling purposes. Do not flush down public sewers. The use of a self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing is recommended for fire fighters. Avoid inhalation of vapors.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

(SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Spill

: Contain with dikes or absorbent to prevent migration to sewers/streams. Take up small spill with dry chemical absorbent; large spills may require pump or vacuum prior to absorbent. May require excavation of severely contaminated spill.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). STEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Toluene	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). STEL: 560 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 375 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013). AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes. CEIL: 300 ppm TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Ethanol ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m3 8 hours. 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 123 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 125 mg/m3 10 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). Absorbed through skin. Benzene STEL: 8 mg/m3 15 minutes. STEL: 2.5 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1.6 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). STEL: 1 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 0.1 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013). AMP: 50 ppm 10 minutes. CEIL: 25 ppm TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. Ethylbenzene ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). STEL: 545 mg/m3 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 435 mg/m3 10 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. n-Hexane ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 180 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. Naphthalene ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 52 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). STEL: 75 mg/m3 15 minutes. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 mg/m3 10 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 50 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. : Use only with adequate ventilation. Appropriate engineering controls

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Skin protection

Appearance

Recommended: Splash goggles and a face shield, where splash hazard exists.

Hand protection 4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. **Body protection** Recommended: Long sleeved coveralls.

Other skin protection Recommended: Impervious boots.

If ventilation is inadequate, use a NIOSH-certified respirator with an organic vapor cartridge and P95 particulate Respiratory protection

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid.

Color Reddish golden brown.

Odor Gasoline Odor threshold 10 ppm

pΗ Not available.

Melting point Not available.

Boiling point 26.66°C (80°F)

Flash point Closed cup: -40°C (-40°F) [Pensky-Martens.]

Flammability Lower and upper

explosive (flammable) limits

Not available. Lower: 1.4%

Upper: 7.6%

Relative density

Evaporation rate

Slower.

Solubility Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Solubility in water Negligible. Partition coefficient: n-Not available.

octanol/water

257.22 to 454.44°C (495 to 850°F)

Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition

temperature

Not available.

0.72

SADT

Not available. Viscosity Not available.

Vapor pressure 53.3 kPa (400 mm Hg) (68°F)

Vapor density : 4 [Air = 1]

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

Incompatible materials Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, acids and alkalis.

Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	_
Toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	_
Ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	_
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m³	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	_
Benzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	_
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	_
·	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
n-Hexane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	48000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15840 mg/kg	-
Naphthalene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>20 g/kg	 -
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Gasoline, natural	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	8 hours 140 ppm	-
·	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Man	_	1 hours 500 ppm	_
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	87 mg	_
•	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	_
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 μL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100%	-
Toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 100	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870 μg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250 μL	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Ethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.06666667	-
				minutes 100 mg	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 μL	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 mg	-
Benzene	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	88 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 μL	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15 mg	-
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15 mg	-
n-Hexane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-
Naphtha l ene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	495 mg	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 0.05 mL	-

Sensitization

Skin: There is no data available.Respiratory: There is no data available.

Mutagenicity

There is no data available.

Carcinogenicity

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Gasoline, natural	-	2B	-
Xy l ene	-	3	-
Toluene	-	3	-
Benzene	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
Ethylbenzene	_	2B	-
Naphthalene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

There is no data available.

Teratogenicity

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Toluene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene n-Hexane	Category 3		Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Toluene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Benzene	Category 1	Not determined	Not determined
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	Not determined	hearing organs
n-Hexane	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Light Petroleum Distillate	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Gasoline, natural	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Benzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
n-Hexane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion. **exposure**

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Gasoline, natural	Acute EC50 17.5 mg/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 1.5 mg/L Marine water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
Xylene	Acute IC50 10 mg/L	Algae	72 hours
•	Acute LC50 8500 µg/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/L Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Toluene	Acute EC50 12500 µg/L Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 11600 µg/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute EC50 6000 µg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5500 µg/L Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
Ethanol	Acute EC50 1074 mg/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5680 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11000000 µg/L Marine water	Fish - Alburnus alburnus	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/L Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4910 μg/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Elasmopus pectenicrus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 22.4 mg/L Fresh water	Fish - Tilapia zillii	96 hours
Benzene	Acute EC50 29000 µg/L Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 1600000 µg/L Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute EC50 9230 µg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 21000 µg/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina - Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5,28 ul/L Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus gorbuscha - Fry	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 98 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 1.5 to 5.4 ul/L Marine water	Fish - Morone saxatilis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	4 weeks
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 µg/L Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
,	Acute EC50 3600 µg/L Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6530 µg/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2970 µg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/L Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
n-Hexane	Acute LC50 113000 µg/L Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus	96 hours
Naphthalene	Acute EC50 1600 µg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
· r	Acute LC50 2350 µg/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 213 µg/L Fresh water	Fish - Melanotaenia fluviatilis - Larvae	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Gasoline, natural	-	10 to 2500	high
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
Toluene	2.73	90	low
Ethanol	-0.35	-	low
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3.63	243	low
Benzene	2.13	11	low
Ethy l benzene	3.6	-	low
n-Hexane	4	501.187	high
Naphtha l ene	3.4	36.5 to 168	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) : The

: There is no data available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Section 14. Transport information

DOT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER UN1203

DOT proper shipping name

GASOLINE (Gasoline, natural, Xylene). Marine pollutant (Gasoline, natural, n-Hexane) RQ (Benzene, Xylene)

DOT Hazard Class(es) 3

PG I

DOT EMER. RESPONSE GUIDE NO. 128

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 8(a) PAIR: Naphthalene

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted. Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Toluene; Benzene; Ethylbenzene; Naphthalene

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Toluene; Xylene; Benzene; Ethylbenzene; Naphthalene

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances : Not listed DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances : Not listed DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Hazard classifications : Fire hazard

Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Gasoline, natural	89 - 100	No.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.
Xylene	≥10 - ≤25	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Toluene	≥10 - ≤25	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
Ethanol	<11	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	≥3 - ≤5	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Benzene	≥3 - ≤5	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
Ethylbenzene	≥3 - ≤5	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
n-Hexane	≥3 - <5	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
Naphtha l ene	≥0.3 - <1	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.

SARA 313

: This product (does/not) contain toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 and of 40 CFR 372.

Xylene 1330-20-7 10 - 30 Toluene 108-88-3 10 - 30 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 95-63-6 5 - 10 Benzene 71-43-2 3 - 5 Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 3 - 5 n-Hexane 110-54-3 3 - 5 Naphthalene 91-20-3 0.3 - 1	Product name	CAS number	%
	Toluene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene Benzene Ethylbenzene n-Hexane	108-88-3 95-63-6 71-43-2 100-41-4 110-54-3	10 - 30 5 - 10 3 - 5 3 - 5 3 - 5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: Gasoline, natural; Toluene; Xylene; Ethanol; Benzene; 1,2,

4-Trimethylbenzene; Ethylbenzene; n-Hexane

New York : The following components are listed: Toluene; Xylene; Benzene; Ethylbenzene; n-Hexane; Naphthalene

New Jersey The following components are listed: Gasoline, natural; Toluene; Xylene; Ethanol; Benzene; 1,2,

4-Trimethylbenzene; Ethylbenzene; n-Hexane; Naphthalene

Pennsylvania The following components are listed: Toluene; Xylene; Ethanol; Benzene; 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene;

Ethylbenzene; n-Hexane; Naphthalene

California Prop. 65 WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth

defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Toluene	No.	Yes.	No.	7000 µg/day (ingestion) 13000 µg/day (inhalation)
Benzene	Yes.	Yes.		24 μg/day (ingestion) 49 μg/day (inhalation)
Ethylbenzene	Yes.		41 μg/day (ingestion) 54 μg/day (inhalation)	No.
Naphthalene Cumene		No. No.	Yes. No.	No. No.

Section 16, Other information

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